

## **Chapter 180**

### **FAIR HOUSING**

**§ 180-1. Declaration of policy.**

**§ 180-2. Definitions.**

**§ 180-3. Discrimination prohibited;  
exemptions.**

**§ 180-4. Enforcement.**

**[HISTORY: Adopted by the Village Board of the Village of Ontario 7-7-1986 as Title 10, Ch. 5 of the 1986 Code. Amendments noted where applicable.]**

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**§ 180-1. Declaration of policy.**

It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Village of Ontario to assure equal opportunity to all persons to live in decent housing facilities regardless of race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, sex, sexual preference, handicap, marital status of person maintaining a household, lawful source of income, or place of birth or age and, to that end, to prohibit discrimination in housing by any persons.

**§ 180-2. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

**DISCRIMINATORY HOUSING PRACTICE —**

- A. To refuse to sell or rent after making a bona fide offer, to refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or to make unavailable or deny a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual preference, or national origin.
- B. To discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or facilities in connection therewith, because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual preference, or national origin.
- C. To make, print, or publish or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice, statement, or advertisement with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual preference, or national origin.
- D. To represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual preference, or national origin that any dwelling is not available for inspection, sale or rental when such dwelling is, in fact, so available.
- E. For any bank, building and loan association, insurance company or other corporation, association, firm or enterprise whose business consists in the making of commercial real estate loans to deny a loan or other financial assistance to a person applying therefor for the purpose of purchasing, constructing, improving or maintaining a dwelling or to discriminate against him in the fixing of the amount, interest rate, duration, or terms or

conditions of such loan or other financial assistance because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual preference, or national origin of such person or persons.

- F. To deny any person access to or membership or participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate broker's organization or other service organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings or to discriminate against him in the terms or conditions of such access, membership or participation on account of race, color, religion, sex, sexual preference, or national origin.
- G. To induce directly or indirectly or attempt to induce directly or indirectly the sale, purchase, rental or lease or the listing for any of the above of any housing accommodation by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, color, sex, sexual preference, religion, or national origin.
- H. To retaliate or discriminate in any manner against a person because he has opposed a practice declared unlawful by this chapter or because he has filed a complaint, testified, assisted in or participated in any manner in any investigation, proceeding, hearing or conference under this chapter.

**DWELLING** — Any building, structure, or portion thereof which is occupied as, or designed for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families, and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction thereon of any such building or structure.

**FAMILY** — Includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy and receivers.

**PERSON** — Includes a single individual.

**TO RENT** — Includes to lease, sublease, to let and otherwise grant for a consideration the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant.

### **§ 180-3. Discrimination prohibited; exemptions.**

- A. It is unlawful to discriminate in the sale or rental of housing or to commit any discriminatory housing practice, except that this chapter shall not apply to any of the following:
  - (1) Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner, provided that in case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one such sale within a twenty-four-month period; provided, further, that the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this chapter only if such house is sold or rented without the use of any real estate broker, agent, or salesman and without the publication, posting or mailing of any advertisement in violation of Subsection C of the definition of "discriminatory housing practice" in § 180-2, but nothing in this provision shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, or title companies to perfect or transfer title.

- (2) Rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independent of each other, if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as his residence.

B. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit:

- (1) A religious organization, association, or society or any nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association or society from limiting the sale, rental or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the same religion or from giving preference to such persons, unless membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, sex, sexual preference or national origin
- (2) A private club, not open to the public, which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes provides lodging which it owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose, from limiting the rental or occupancy of such lodgings to its members.

**§ 180-4. Enforcement.**

Any person aggrieved by an unlawful practice prohibited by this chapter may file a complaint with the Village President 30 days after the aggrieved person becomes aware of the alleged unlawful practice and in no event more than 60 days after the alleged unlawful practice has occurred. The Village President shall receive each complaint and attempt to resolve each complaint. Failure to achieve a resolution acceptable to both parties and compliance with this chapter shall cause the Village President to forward the complaint and findings to appropriate state and federal agencies.

## Chapter 187

### FIRE PREVENTION

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| § 187-1. Adoption of codes and standards.        | § 187-5. Duty of bystanders to assist.   |
| § 187-2. Impeding fire equipment.                | § 187-6. Vehicles to yield right-of-way. |
| § 187-3. Damaging fire hose.                     | § 187-7. Interference with use of        |
| § 187-4. Firemen may enter adjacent<br>property. | hydrants.                                |

**[HISTORY: Adopted by the Village Board of the Village of Ontario 7-7-1986 as §§ 3-1-2 and 3-1-4 to 3-1-9 and Title 3, Ch. 3 of the 1986 Code. Amendments noted where applicable.]**

#### GENERAL REFERENCES

Fire Department — See Ch. 38, Art. I.	Fireworks — See Ch. 191.
Brush, grass and weeds — See Ch. 131.	Hazardous materials — See Ch. 202.
Building construction — See Ch. 135.	Nuisances — See Ch. 252.
Open burning — See Ch. 142.	

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#### § 187-1. Adoption of codes and standards. <sup>1</sup>

- A. The state codes listed in this subsection are hereby adopted by reference and made a part of the Village of Ontario Fire Prevention Code:
- (1) Fire Prevention, Ch. COMM 14, Wis. Adm. Code.
  - (2) General Orders on Existing Buildings, Chs. COMM 75 to 79, Wis. Adm. Code.
  - (3) Electrical Code, Ch. COMM 16, Wis. Adm. Code.
  - (4) Commercial Building Code, Chs. COMM 61 to 65 and Appendices A and B, Wis. Adm. Code.
  - (5) Flammable and Combustible Liquids, Ch. COMM 10, Wis. Adm. Code.
- B. The International Fire Code, hereinafter "IFC," as from time to time may be amended, is hereby adopted as though fully set forth herein, with the following exceptions:
- (1) Chapter 1, Administration, of the IFC is not included as part of the adoption of the IFC.
  - (2) Chapter 3, Section 307, Open Burning, of the IFC is not included as part of the adoption of the IFC.

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1. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

- C. The National Fire Protection Association codes and standards are hereby adopted as though fully set forth herein.
- D. Any fire prevention problem not herein addressed by code or adopted standards will be addressed on the basis of current accepted International Fire Code standards.

**§ 187-2. Impeding fire equipment.**

No person shall impede the progress of a fire engine or fire truck or other fire apparatus of the Ontario Volunteer Fire Department along the streets or alleys of such Village at the time of a fire or when the Fire Department of the Village is using such streets or alleys in response to a fire alarm or for practice.

**§ 187-3. Damaging fire hose.**

No person shall willfully injure in any manner any hose, hydrant or fire apparatus belonging to the Village, and no vehicle shall be driven over any unprotected hose of the Fire Department when laid down on any street, private driveway or other place, to be used at any fire or alarm of fire, without the consent of the Fire Department official in command.

**§ 187-4. Firemen may enter adjacent property.**

It shall be lawful for any fireman while acting under the direction of the Fire Chief or other officer in command to enter upon the premises adjacent to or in the vicinity of any building or other property then on fire for the purpose of extinguishing such fire, and in case any person shall hinder, resist or obstruct any fireman in the discharge of his duty as is hereinbefore provided, the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of resisting firemen in the discharge of their duty.

**§ 187-5. Duty of bystanders to assist.**

Every person who shall be present at a fire shall be subject to the order of the Fire Chief or officer in command and may be required to render assistance in fighting the fire or in removing or guarding property. Such officer shall have the power to cause the arrest of any person or persons refusing to obey said orders.

**§ 187-6. Vehicles to yield right-of-way.**

Whenever there shall be a fire or fire alarm or the Fire Department shall be out for practice, every person driving or riding in a motor or other vehicle shall move and remain to the side of the street until the fire engine and fire truck and other fire apparatus shall have passed.

**§ 187-7. Interference with use of hydrants.**

No person shall occupy any portion of such streets or alleys with a motor or other vehicle between such fire engine or fire truck or other fire apparatus and any hydrant to which a fire hose may be, or may be about to be, attached.

## **Chapter 191**

### **FIREWORKS**

**§ 191-1. Definition.**

**§ 191-4. Storage and handling.**

**§ 191-2. Restrictions on sale.**

**§ 191-5. Parental liability.**

**§ 191-3. Permit procedure.**

**[HISTORY: Adopted by the Village Board of the Village of Ontario 7-7-1986 as Title 7, Ch. 7 of the 1986 Code. Amendments noted where applicable.]**

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**§ 191-1. Definition. <sup>1</sup>**

In this chapter, the term "fireworks" shall be defined as provided in § 167.10(1), Wis. Stats.

**§ 191-2. Restrictions on sale.**

No person may sell or possess with intent to sell fireworks, except:

- A. To a person holding a permit under § 191-3C;
- B. To a city, village or town; or
- C. For a purpose specified under § 191-3B(2) to (7).

**§ 191-3. Permit procedure.**

- A. Permit required. No person may possess or use fireworks without a user's permit from the Village President or from an official or employee of the Village as designated by the Village Board. No person may use fireworks or a device listed under § 167.10(1)(e) to (g) or (i) to (n), Wis. Stats., while attending a fireworks display for which a permit has been issued to a person listed under Subsection C(1) to (5) or under Subsection C(6) if the display is open to the general public.
- B. Permit exceptions. Subsection A above does not apply to:
  - (1) The Village, except that Village fire and law enforcement officials shall be notified of the proposed use of fireworks at least two days in advance.
  - (2) The possession or use of explosives in accordance with rules or general orders of the Wisconsin Department of Commerce.
  - (3) The disposal of hazardous substances in accordance with rules adopted by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

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**1. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).**

- (4) The possession or use of explosive or combustible materials in any manufacturing process.
  - (5) The possession or use of explosive or combustible materials in connection with classes conducted by educational institutions.
  - (6) A possessor or manufacturer of explosive in possession of a license or permit under 18 U.S.C. §§ 841 to 848 if the possession of the fireworks is authorized under the license or permit.
  - (7) The possession of fireworks in the Village while transporting the fireworks to a city, town or village where the possession of the fireworks is authorized by permit or ordinance. Subsection A applies to a person transporting fireworks under this subsection if, in the course of transporting the fireworks through the Village, the person remains in the Village for a period of at least 12 hours.<sup>2</sup>
- C. Who permit may be issued to. A permit under this section may be issued only to the following:
- (1) A public authority.
  - (2) A fair association.
  - (3) An amusement park.
  - (4) A park board.
  - (5) A civic organization.
  - (6) A group of resident or nonresident individuals.
  - (7) An agricultural producer for the protection of crops from predatory birds or animals.
- D. Crop protection signs. A person issued a permit for crop protection shall erect appropriate warning signs disclosing the use of fireworks for crop protection.
- E. Bond. The Village President issuing a permit under this section may require an indemnity bond with good and sufficient sureties or policy of liability insurance for the payment of all claims that may arise by reason of injuries to person or property from the handling, use or discharge of fireworks under the permit. The bond or policy, if required, shall be taken in the name of the Village, and any person injured thereby may bring an action on the bond or policy in the person's own name to recover the damage the person has sustained, but the aggregate liability of the surety or insurer to all persons shall not exceed the amount of the bond or policy. The bond or policy, if required, together with a copy of the permit, shall be filed in the office of the Clerk-Treasurer.
- F. Required information for permit. A permit under this section shall specify all of the following:

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2. Editor's Note: Added at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).



- (1) The name and address of the permit holder.
  - (2) The date on and after which fireworks may be purchased.
  - (3) The kind and quantity of fireworks which may be purchased.
  - (4) The date and location of permitted use.
  - (5) Other special conditions prescribed by ordinance.
- G. Copy of permit. A copy of a permit under this section shall be given to the Fire Chief at least two days before the date of authorized use.
- H. Minors prohibited. A permit under this section may not be issued to a minor.

**§ 191-4. Storage and handling.**

- A. Fire extinguishers required. No wholesaler, dealer or jobber may store or handle fireworks in premises unless the premises are equipped with fire extinguishers approved by the Fire Chief.
- B. Smoking prohibited. No person may smoke where fireworks are stored or handled.
- C. Fire Chief to be notified. A person who stores or handles fireworks shall notify the Fire Chief of the location of the fireworks.
- D. Storage distance. No wholesaler, dealer or jobber may store fireworks within 50 feet of a dwelling.
- E. Restrictions on storage. No person may store fireworks within 50 feet of a public assemblage or place where gasoline or volatile liquid is sold in quantities exceeding one gallon.

**§ 191-5. Parental liability.**

A parent or legal guardian of a minor who consents to the use of fireworks by the minor is liable for damages caused by the minor's use of the fireworks.

## **Chapter 202**

### **HAZARDOUS MATERIALS**

**§ 202-1. Cleanup of spilled or accidentally discharged wastes.**

**§ 202-2. Storage of polluting substances.**

**[HISTORY: Adopted by the Village Board of the Village of Ontario 7-7-1986 as Title 6, Ch. 2 of the 1986 Code. Amendments noted where applicable.]**

#### **GENERAL REFERENCES**

Fire prevention — See Ch. 187.  
Fireworks — See Ch. 191.

Nuisances — See Ch. 252.

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**§ 202-1. Cleanup of spilled or accidentally discharged wastes.**

- A. Cleanup required. All persons, firms, or corporations delivering, hauling, disposing of, storing, discharging or otherwise handling potentially polluting substances, solid or liquid, such as, but not limited to, fuel oil, gasoline, solvents, industrial liquids or fluids, milk, grease trap and septic tank wastes, sewage sludge, sanitary sewer wastes, storm sewer catch basin wastes, oil or petroleum wastes, shall immediately clean up any such spilled material to prevent its becoming a hazard to health or safety or directly or indirectly causing pollution to the lakes and streams under the jurisdiction of the Village.
- B. Notification. Spills or the accidental release of hazardous materials or pollutants at a site or of a quantity or nature that cannot adequately be cleaned up by the responsible party or parties shall be immediately reported to the Village Clerk-Treasurer so that assistance can be given by the proper agency.
- C. Financial liability. The party or parties responsible for the release, escape or discharge of wastes may be held financially liable for the cost of any cleanup or attempted cleanup deemed necessary or desirable and undertaken by the Village, or its designated agent, in an effort to minimize the polluting effects of the discharged waste.

**§ 202-2. Storage of polluting substances.**

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to store any potentially polluting substances unless such substances are stored in such manner as to securely prevent them from escaping onto the ground surface and/or into any street, sewer, ditch or drainageway, lake or stream within the jurisdiction of the Village.

## **Chapter 210**

# **INTOXICATING LIQUOR AND FERMENTED MALT BEVERAGES**

### **ARTICLE I Licensing**

- § 210-1. State statutes adopted.
- § 210-2. Definitions.
- § 210-3. License required.
- § 210-4. Classes of licenses.
- § 210-5. License fees.
- § 210-6. Application for license.
- § 210-7. Qualifications.
- § 210-8. Investigation.
- § 210-9. Approval of application.
- § 210-10. Granting of license; notice of denial.
- § 210-11. Transfer and lapse of license.
- § 210-12. Numbering and contents of license.
- § 210-13. Posting licenses; defacement.
- § 210-14. Conditions of license.
- § 210-15. Closing hours.
- § 210-16. Temporary fermented malt beverage or wine licenses.

- § 210-17. Revocation and suspension of licenses; nonrenewal.
- § 210-18. Nonalcohol events for underage persons on licensed premises.
- § 210-19. Operator's license.
- § 210-20. Violations and penalties.

### **ARTICLE II Offenses Involving Alcoholic Beverages**

- § 210-21. Outside consumption.
- § 210-22. Sale to underage or intoxicated persons.
- § 210-23. Underage persons in places of sale.
- § 210-24. Prohibited acts by underage persons.
- § 210-25. Defense of sellers.
- § 210-26. False or altered identification cards.
- § 210-27. Possession of alcohol beverages on school grounds.

**[HISTORY: Adopted by the Village Board of the Village of Ontario as indicated in article histories. Amendments noted where applicable.]**

#### **GENERAL REFERENCES**

Nuisances — See Ch. 252.  
Parks and recreation — See Ch. 263.

Peace and good order — See Ch. 267.

## ARTICLE I

## Licensing

[Added 11-12-1990 (Title 7, Ch. 2 of the 1986 Code)]

**§ 210-1. State statutes adopted.**

The provisions of Ch. 125, Wis. Stats., relating to the sale of intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages, except provisions therein relating to penalties to be imposed, are hereby adopted by reference and made a part of this article as if fully set forth herein. Any act required to be performed or prohibited by any statute incorporated herein by reference is required or prohibited by this article. Any future amendments, revisions or modifications of the statutes incorporated herein are intended to be made a part of this article in order to secure uniform statewide regulation of alcohol beverage control.

**§ 210-2. Definitions.<sup>1</sup>**

As used in this article, the terms "alcoholic beverages," "intoxicating liquors," "principal business," "legal drinking age," "premises," "sell," "sold," "sale," "restaurant," "club," "retailer," "person," "fermented malt beverages," "wholesalers," and "operators" shall have the meaning given them by Ch. 125, Wis. Stats.

**§ 210-3. License required.**

No person, firm or corporation shall vend, sell, deal or traffic in or have in his possession with intent to vend, sell, deal or traffic in or, for the purpose of evading any law or ordinance, give away any intoxicating liquor or fermented malt beverage in any quantity whatever, or cause the same to be done, without having procured a license as provided in this article nor without complying with all the provisions of this article, and all statutes and regulations applicable thereto, except as provided by §§ 125.16, 125.27, 125.28 and 125.51, Wis. Stats.

**§ 210-4. Classes of licenses.**

- A. Retail "Class A" intoxicating liquor license. A retail "Class A" intoxicating liquor license, when issued by the Village Clerk-Treasurer under the authority of the Village Board, shall permit its holder to sell, deal and traffic in intoxicating liquors only in original packages or containers and to be consumed off the premises so licensed.
- B. Retail "Class B" intoxicating liquor license. A retail "Class B" intoxicating liquor license, when issued by the Village Clerk-Treasurer under authority of the Village Board, shall permit its holder to sell, deal and traffic in intoxicating liquors to be consumed by the glass only on the premises so licensed and in the original package or container in multiples not to exceed four liters at any one time to be consumed off the premises, except that wine may be sold in the original package or otherwise in any other quantity to be consumed off the premises.

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1. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

- C. Class "A" fermented malt beverage retailer's license. A Class "A" fermented malt beverage retailer's license, when issued by the Village Clerk-Treasurer under the authority of the Village Board, shall entitle the holder thereof to possess, sell or offer for sale fermented malt beverages only for consumption away from the premises where sold and in the original packages, containers or bottles. Such license may be issued after July 1. The license shall expire on the following June 30.
- D. Class "B" fermented malt beverage retailer's license.
- (1) License. A Class "B" fermented malt beverage retailer's license, when issued by the Village Clerk-Treasurer under the authority of the Village Board, shall entitle the holder thereof to possess, sell or offer for sale fermented malt beverages, either to be consumed upon the premises where sold or away from such premises. The holder may also sell beverages containing less than 1/2% of alcohol by volume without obtaining a special license to sell such beverages. Such license may be issued after July 1. The license shall expire on the following June 30.
  - (2) Application. Class "B" licenses may be issued to any person qualified under § 125.04(5), Wis. Stats. Such licenses may not be issued to any person acting as agent for or in the employ of another, except that this restriction does not apply to a hotel or restaurant which is not a part of or located on the premises of any mercantile establishment or to a bona fide club, society or lodge that has been in existence for at least six months before the date of application. A Class "B" license for a hotel, restaurant, club, society or lodge may be issued in the name of an officer, who shall be personally responsible for compliance with this article. Except as provided in § 125.31, Wis. Stats., Class "B" licenses may not be issued to brewers or fermented malt beverage wholesalers.
- E. Temporary Class "B" fermented malt beverage license.
- (1) License. As provided in § 125.26(1) and (6), Wis. Stats., temporary Class "B" fermented malt beverage licenses may be issued to bona fide clubs; to county or local fair associations or agricultural societies; to churches, lodges or societies that have been in existence for at least six months before the date of application; and to posts of veterans' organizations authorizing the sale of fermented malt beverages at a particular picnic or similar gathering, at a meeting of the post, or during a fair conducted by the fair association or agricultural society. A license issued to a county or district fair licenses the entire fairgrounds where the fair is being conducted and all persons engaging in retail sales of fermented malt beverages from leased stands on the fairgrounds. The county or district fair to which the license is issued may lease stands on the fairgrounds to persons who may engage in retail sales of fermented malt beverages from the stands while the fair is being held. Such license is valid for dates as approved by the Village Board.
  - (2) Application. Application for such license shall be signed by the president or corresponding officer of the society or association making such application and shall be filed with the Village Clerk-Treasurer, together with the appropriate license fee for each day for which the license is sought. Any person fronting for any group other than the one applied for shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject

to a forfeiture of \$200 and will be ineligible to apply for a temporary Class "B" license for one year. The license shall specify the hours and dates of license validity. The application shall be filed a minimum of 15 days prior to the meeting of the Village Board at which the application will be considered for events of more than three consecutive days. If the application is for a license to be used in a Village park, the applicant shall specify the main point-of-sale facility.

F. Temporary "Class B" wine license.

- (1) License. Notwithstanding § 125.68(3), Wis. Stats., temporary "Class B" licenses may be issued to bona fide clubs; to county or local fair associations or agricultural societies; to churches, lodges or societies that have been in existence for at least six months before the date of application; and to posts of veterans' organizations authorizing the sale of wine containing not more than 6% alcohol by volume in an original package, container or bottle or by the glass if the wine is dispensed directly from an original package, container or bottle at a particular picnic or similar gathering, at a meeting of the post, or during a fair conducted by the fair association or agricultural society. No fee may be charged to a person who, at the same time, applies for a temporary Class "B" beer license under § 125.26(6), Wis. Stats., for the same event. A license issued to a county or district fair licenses the entire fairgrounds where the fair is being conducted and all persons engaging in retail sales of wine containing not more than 6% alcohol by volume from leased stands on the fairgrounds. The county or district fair to which the license is issued may lease stands on the fairgrounds to persons who may engage in retail sales of wine containing not more than 6% alcohol by volume from the stands while the fair is being held.
- (2) Application. Application for such license shall be signed by the president or corresponding officer of the society or association making such application and shall be filed with the Village Clerk-Treasurer, together with the appropriate license fee for each day for which the license is sought. Any person fronting for any group other than the one applied for shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to a forfeiture of \$200 and will be ineligible to apply for a temporary "Class B" wine license for one year. The license shall specify the hours and dates of license validity. The application shall be filed a minimum of 15 days prior to the meeting of the Village Board at which the application will be considered for events of more than three consecutive days. If the application is for a license to be used in a Village park, the applicant shall specify the main point-of-sale facility.

G. Wholesaler's license. A wholesaler's fermented malt beverage license, when issued by the Village Clerk-Treasurer under authority of the Village Board, shall entitle the holder thereof to possess, sell or offer for sale fermented malt beverages only in original packages or containers to dealers, not to be consumed in or about the premises of said wholesaler.

**§ 210-5. License fees.**

There shall be the following classes of licenses which, when issued by the Village Clerk-Treasurer under the authority of the Village Board after payment of the license fee and publication costs hereinafter specified, shall permit the holder to sell, deal or traffic in intoxicating liquors or fermented malt beverages as provided in § 210-4 of this article and Ch. 125, Wis. Stats.:

- A. Class "A" fermented malt beverage retailer's license. The annual fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board. The fee for a license for less than 12 months shall be prorated according to the number of months or fraction thereof for which the license is issued. **[Amended 1-13-1997]**
- B. Class "B" fermented malt beverage license. The annual fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board. This license may be issued at any time for six months in any calendar year, for which 50% of the applicable license fee shall be paid, but such license shall not be renewable during the calendar year in which issued. The fee for a license for less than 12 months shall be prorated according to the number of months or fraction thereof for which the license is issued. **[Amended 1-13-1997]**
- C. Temporary Class "B" fermented malt beverage license. The fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board.
- D. Temporary "Class B" wine license. The fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board. However, there shall be no fee if the temporary wine license is obtained along with a temporary fermented malt beverage license.
- E. Fermented malt beverage wholesalers' license. The annual fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board.
- F. "Class A" intoxicating liquor retailer's license. The annual fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board. **[Amended 1-13-1997]**
- G. "Class B" intoxicating liquor retailer's license. The annual fee for this license shall be as set by the Village Board. This license may be issued at any time for six months in any calendar year, for which 50% of the applicable license fee shall be paid, but such license shall not be renewable during the calendar year in which issued. **[Amended 1-13-1997]**

**§ 210-6. Application for license.**

- A. Contents. Application for a license to sell or deal in intoxicating liquor or fermented malt beverages shall be made in writing on the form prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue and shall be sworn to by the applicant as provided by §§ 887.01 to 887.04, Wis. Stats., and shall be filed with the Village Clerk-Treasurer not less than 15 days prior to the granting of such license. The premises shall be physically described to include every room and storage space to be covered by the license, including all rooms not separated by a solid wall or joined by connecting entrances.
- B. Corporations. Such application shall be filed and sworn to by the applicant if an individual or by the president and secretary if a corporation.

- C. **Publication.** The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall publish each application for a Class "A," Class "B," "Class A" or "Class B" license. There is no publication requirement for temporary Class "B" picnic beer licenses under § 125.26, Wis. Stats., or temporary "Class B" picnic wine licenses under § 125.51(10), Wis. Stats. The application shall be published once in the official Village newspaper, and the costs of publication shall be paid by the applicant at the time the application is filed, as determined under § 985.08, Wis. Stats.
- D. **Amending application.** Whenever anything occurs to change any fact set out in the application of any licensee, such licensee shall file with the issuing authority a notice in writing of such change within 10 days after the occurrence thereof.
- E. **License quotas.** Retail intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverage licenses issued by the Village Board shall be limited in number to the quota prescribed by state law.

#### **§ 210-7. Qualifications.**

- A. **Residency requirements.** A retail Class "A" or Class "B" fermented malt beverage or "Class A" or "Class B" intoxicating liquor license shall be granted only to persons who are citizens of the United States and who have been residents of the State of Wisconsin continuously for at least 90 days prior to the date of the application.
- B. **Applicant to have malt beverage license.** No retail "Class B" intoxicating liquor license shall be issued to any person who does not have or to whom is not issued a Class "B" retailer's license to sell fermented malt beverages.
- C. **Right to premises.** No applicant will be considered unless he has the right to possession of the premises described in the application for the license period, by lease or by deed.
- D. **Age of applicant.** Licenses related to alcohol beverages shall only be granted to persons who have attained the legal drinking age, except that an operator's license may be issued to a person who has attained the age of 18.<sup>2</sup>
- E. **Corporate restrictions.**
  - (1) No license or permit may be issued to any corporation unless the corporation meets the qualifications under § 125.04(5)(a)1 and 4 and (b), Wis. Stats., unless the agent of the corporation appointed under § 125.04(6), Wis. Stats., and the officers and directors of the corporation meet the qualifications of § 125.04(5)(a)1 and 3 and (b), Wis. Stats., and unless the agent of the corporation appointed under § 125.04(6), Wis. Stats., meets the qualification under § 125.04(5)(a)2, Wis. Stats. The requirement that the corporation meet the qualifications under § 125.04(5)(a)1 and (b), Wis. Stats., does not apply if the corporation has terminated its relationship with all of the individuals whose actions directly contributed to the conviction.

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2. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).



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- (2) Each corporate applicant shall file with its application for such license a statement by its officers showing the names and addresses of the persons who are stockholders, together with the amount of stock held by such person or persons. It shall be the duty of each corporate applicant and licensee to file with the Village Clerk-Treasurer a statement of transfers of stock within 48 hours after such transfer of stock.
  - (3) Any license issued to a corporation may be revoked in the manner and under the procedure established in § 125.12, Wis. Stats., when more than 50% of the stock interest, legal or beneficial, in such corporation is held by any person or persons not eligible for a license under this article or under the state law.
- F. Sales tax qualification. All applicants for retail licenses shall provide proof, as required by § 77.61(11), Wis. Stats., that they are in good standing for sales tax purposes (i.e., hold a seller's permit) before they may be issued a license.
- G. Separate license required for each place of sale. A separate license shall be required for each stand, place, room or enclosure or for each suite of rooms or enclosures which are in a direct connection or communication where intoxicating liquor or fermented malt beverages are kept, sold or offered for sale, and no license shall be issued to any person, firm, partnership, corporation or association for the purpose of possession, selling or offering for sale any intoxicating liquors or fermented malt beverages in any dwelling house, flat or residential apartment.

**§ 210-8. Investigation.**

The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall notify the Police Department, Fire Inspector and Building Inspector of each new application, and these officials shall inspect or cause to be inspected each application and the premises, together with such other investigation as shall be necessary to determine whether the applicant and the premises sought to be licensed comply with the regulations, ordinances and laws applicable thereto, including those governing sanitation in restaurants, and whether the applicant is a proper recipient of a license. These officials shall furnish to the Village Clerk-Treasurer in writing, who shall forward to the Village Board, the information derived from such investigation, accompanied by a recommendation as to whether a license should be granted or refused. No license shall be renewed without a reinspection of the premises and report as originally required.

**§ 210-9. Approval of application.**

- A. No license shall be granted for operation on any premises or with any equipment for which taxes, assessments, forfeitures or other financial claims of the Village are delinquent and unpaid.
- B. No license shall be issued unless the premises conform to the sanitary, safety and health requirements of the State Building Code and the regulations of the State Board of Health and local Board of Health applicable to restaurants. The premises must be properly lighted and ventilated, must be equipped with separate sanitary toilet and lavatory

facilities equipped with running water for each sex and must conform to all ordinances of the Village.

- C. Consideration for the granting or denial of a license will be based on:
- (1) The arrest and conviction record of the applicant, subject to the limitations imposed by §§ 111.321, 111.322 and 111.335, Wis. Stats.;
  - (2) The financial responsibility of the applicant;
  - (3) The appropriateness of the location and the premises where the licensed business is to be conducted; and
  - (4) Generally, the applicant's fitness for the trust to be reposed.
- D. An application may be denied based upon the applicant's arrest and conviction record if the applicant has been convicted of a felony (unless duly pardoned) or if the applicant has habitually been a law offender. For purposes of this licensing procedure, "habitually been a law offender" is generally considered to be an arrest or conviction of at least two offenses which are substantially related to the licensed activity within the five years immediately preceding the license application. Because a license is a privilege, the issuance of which is a right granted solely to the Village Board, the Village Board reserves the right to consider the severity and facts and circumstances of the offense when making the determination to grant, deny or not renew a license. Further, the Board, at its discretion, may, based upon an arrest or conviction record of two or more offenses which are substantially related to the licensed activity within the five years immediately preceding, act to suspend such license for a period of one year or more.

**§ 210-10. Granting of license; notice of denial.**

- A. Opportunity shall be given by the governing body to any person to be heard for or against the granting of any license. Upon the approval of the applicant by the Village Board, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall issue to the applicant a license, upon payment by the applicant of the license fee to the Village.<sup>3</sup>
- B. If the Village Board denies the license, the applicant shall be notified in writing, by registered mail or personal service, of the reasons for the denial. The notice shall also inform the applicant of the opportunity to appear before the Village Board and to provide evidence as to why the denial should be reversed. In addition, the notice shall inform the applicant that the reconsideration of the application shall be held in closed session, pursuant to § 19.85(1)(b), Wis. Stats., unless the applicant requests such reconsideration be held in open session and the Village Board consents to the request. Such written notice shall be mailed or served upon the applicant at least 10 days prior to the Village Board meeting at which the application is to be reconsidered.

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3. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

**§ 210-11. Transfer and lapse of license.**

- A. In accordance with the provisions of § 125.04(12), Wis. Stats., a license shall be transferable from one premises to another if such transfer is first approved by the Village Board. An application for transfer shall be made on a form furnished by the Village Clerk-Treasurer. Proceedings for such transfer shall be had in the same form and manner as the original application. The fee for such transfer is set by the Village Board.<sup>4</sup> Whenever a license is transferred, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall forthwith notify the Wisconsin Department of Revenue of such transfer. In the event of the sale of a business or business premises of the licensee, the purchaser of such business or business premises must apply to the Village for reissuance of said license, and the Village, as the licensing authority, shall in no way be bound to reissue said license to said subsequent purchaser.
- B. Whenever the agent of a corporate holder of a license is for any reason replaced, the licensee shall give the Village Clerk-Treasurer written notice of said replacement, the reasons therefor and the new appointment. Until the next regular meeting or special meeting of the Village Board, the successor agent shall have the authority to perform the functions and be charged with the duties of the original agent. However, said license shall cease to be in effect upon receipt by the Village Clerk-Treasurer of notice of disapproval of the successor agent by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue or other peace officer of the municipality in which the license was issued. The corporation's license shall not be in force after receipt of such notice or after a regular or special meeting of the Village Board until the successor agent or another qualified agent is appointed and approved by the Village.

**§ 210-12. Numbering and contents of license.<sup>5</sup>**

All licenses shall be numbered in the order in which they are issued and shall state clearly the specific premises for which granted, the date of issuance, the fee paid and the name of the licensee.

**§ 210-13. Posting licenses; defacement.**

- A. Every person licensed in accordance with the provisions of this article shall immediately post such license and keep the same posted while in force in a conspicuous place in the room or place where said beverages are drawn or removed for service or sale.
- B. It shall be unlawful for any person to post such license or to be permitted to post it upon premises other than those mentioned in the application or knowingly to deface or destroy such license.

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4. Editor's Note: See Ch. A390, Fees.

5. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

**§ 210-14. Conditions of license.**

All retail Class "A," Class "B," "Class A" and "Class B" licenses granted hereunder shall be granted subject to the following conditions, and all other conditions of this article, and subject to all other ordinances and regulations of the Village applicable thereto:

- A. Consent to entry. Every applicant procuring a license thereby consents to the entry of police or other duly authorized representatives of the Village at all reasonable hours for the purpose of inspection and search; consents to the removal from said premises of all things and articles there had in violation of Village ordinances or state laws; and consents to the introduction of such things and articles in evidence in any prosecution that may be brought for such offenses.
- B. Employment of minors. No retail "Class B" or Class "B" licensee shall employ any underage person, as defined in the Wisconsin Statutes, but this shall not apply to hotels and restaurants. Family members may work on the licensed premises but are not permitted to sell or dispense alcoholic beverages.
- C. Disorderly conduct prohibited. Each licensed premises shall, at all times, be conducted in an orderly manner, and no disorderly, riotous or indecent conduct shall be allowed at any time on any licensed premises.
- D. Licensed operator on premises. There shall be upon premises operated under a "Class B" or Class "B" license, at all times, the licensee, members of the licensee's immediate family who have attained the legal drinking age, and/or some person who shall have an operator's license and who shall be responsible for the acts of all persons serving as waiters, or in any other manner, any fermented malt beverages to customers. No person other than the licensee shall serve fermented malt beverages in any place operated under a "Class B" or Class "B" license unless he possesses an operator's license or there is a person with an operator's license upon said premises at the time of such service.
- E. Health and sanitation regulations. The rules and regulations of the State Board of Health governing sanitation in restaurants shall apply to all "Class B" liquor licenses issued under this article. No "Class B" license shall be issued unless the premises to be licensed conforms to such rules and regulations.
- F. Restrictions near schools and churches. No retail Class "A," Class "B," "Class A" or "Class B" license shall be issued for premises, the main entrance of which is less than 300 feet from the main entrance of any established public school, parochial school, hospital or church. Such distance shall be measured by the shortest route along the highway from the closest point of the main entrance of such school, church or hospital to the main entrance to such premises. This subsection shall not apply to premises licensed as such on June 30, 1947, nor shall it apply to any premises licensed as such prior to the occupation of real property within 300 feet thereof by any school building, hospital building or church building.
- G. Clubs. No club shall sell or give away any intoxicating liquors except to bona fide members and guests invited by members.

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- H. Gambling prohibited. Except as authorized by state law, no gambling or game of chance of any sort shall be permitted in any form upon any premises licensed under this article or the laws of the State of Wisconsin.
- I. Credit prohibited. No retail Class "A," Class "B," "Class A" or "Class B" liquor or fermented malt beverage licensee shall sell or offer for sale any alcohol beverage to any person or persons by extending credit, except hotel credit extended to a resident guest or a club to a bona fide member. It shall be unlawful for such licensee or permittee to sell alcohol beverages to any person on a passbook or store order or to receive from any person any goods, wares, merchandise or other articles in exchange for alcohol beverages.
- J. Licensee or permittee responsible for acts of agent or employee. A violation of this article by a duly authorized agent or employee of a licensee or permittee under this article shall constitute a violation by the licensee or permittee. Whenever any licensee or permittee under this article shall violate any portion of this article, proceedings for the suspension or revocation of the license or permit of the holder thereof may be instituted in the manner prescribed in this article.
- K. Improper exhibitions. It shall be unlawful for any person to perform or for any licensee or manager or agent of the licensee to permit any employee, entertainer or patron to engage in any live act, demonstration, dance or exhibition on the licensed premises which:
- (1) Exposes his or her genitals, pubic hair, buttocks, perineum, anal region or pubic hair region;
  - (2) Exposes any device, costume or covering which gives the appearance of or simulates genitals, pubic hair, buttocks, perineum, anal region or pubic hair region;
  - (3) Exposes any portion of the female breast at or below the areola thereof; or
  - (4) Engages in or simulates sexual intercourse and/or any sexual contact, including the touching of any portion of the female breast or the male and/or female genitals.

**§ 210-15. Closing hours.**

Closing hours shall be established in conformance with § 125.32(3), Wis. Stats., and further restricted as follows:

**A. Class B licenses.**

- (1) No premises for which a retail "Class B" liquor or Class "B" fermented malt beverage license has been issued shall be permitted to remain open for the sale of liquor or fermented malt beverages or for any other purpose between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m., Monday through Friday, and 2:30 a.m. and 6:00 a.m., Saturday and Sunday. There shall be no closing hours on January 1.
- (2) Hotels and restaurants, the principal business of which is the furnishing of food or lodging to patrons, bowling alleys, indoor horseshoe-pitching facilities, curling

clubs, golf courses and golf clubhouses may remain open for the conduct of their regular business but shall not sell liquor or malt beverages during the closing hours of Subsection A(1) above.

- B. Carry-out hours. Between 9:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m., no person may sell, remove, carry out or permit to be removed or carried out from any premises having a "Class A" or Class "A" license fermented malt beverages or intoxicating liquor in original unopened packages, containers or bottles or for consumption away from the premises.

**§ 210-16. Temporary fermented malt beverage or wine licenses.**

It shall be unlawful for any person or organization on a temporary basis to sell or offer to sell any alcohol beverage upon any Village-owned property or privately owned property within the Village of Ontario, except through the issuance of a temporary Class "B" fermented malt beverage license or temporary "Class B" wine license issued by the Village Board in accordance with Wisconsin statutes and as set forth in this section. A temporary Class "B" fermented malt beverage license or temporary "Class B" wine license authorizing the sale and consumption of beer and/or wine on Village-owned property or privately owned property may be authorized by the Village Board provided the following requirements are met:

- A. Compliance with eligibility standards. The organization shall meet the eligibility requirements of a bona fide club, association, lodge or society as set forth in § 125.26(6), Wis. Stats., and shall fully comply with the requirements of this section and § 210-21. Members of an organization which is issued a temporary license and who are issued operator's licenses for the event shall attend a pre-event informational meeting to learn what rules and regulations apply and what the responsibilities of the bartenders and organization will be.
- B. Posting of signs and licenses. All organizations issued a temporary license shall post in a conspicuous location at the main point of sale and at all remote points of sale a sufficient number of signs stating that no fermented malt beverage shall be served to any underage person without proper identification.
- C. Fencing. If necessary due to the physical characteristics of the site, the Village Board may require that organizations install a double fence around the main point of sale to control ingress and egress and continually station a licensed operator, security guard or other competent person at the entrance for the purpose of checking age identification. Where possible, there shall be only one point of ingress and egress. When required, the double fence shall be a minimum of four feet high and a minimum of six feet between fences.
- D. Underage persons prohibited. No underage persons as defined by the Wisconsin Statutes shall be allowed to assist in the sale of fermented malt beverages or wine at any point of sale, nor shall they be allowed to loiter or linger in the area of any point of sale.
- E. Licensed operator requirement. A licensed operator shall be stationed at all points of sale at all times.

- F. Waiver. The Village Board may waive or modify the requirements of this section due to the physical characteristics of the licensed site.
- G. Insurance. The applicant for a temporary fermented malt beverage or wine license may be required to indemnify, defend and hold the Village and its employees and agents harmless against all claims, death of any person or any damage to property caused by or resulting from the activities for which the permit is granted. As evidence of the applicant's ability to perform the conditions of the license, the applicant may be required to furnish a certificate of comprehensive general liability insurance to the Village of Ontario. The applicant may be required to furnish a performance bond prior to being granted the license.

**§ 210-17. Revocation and suspension of licenses; nonrenewal.**

- A. Procedure. Whenever the holder of any license under this article violates any portion of this article or Article II, Offenses Involving Alcoholic Beverages, of this chapter, proceedings for the revocation of such license may be instituted in the manner and under the procedure established by this section.
- B. Abandonment of premises. Any licensee holding a license to sell alcohol beverages who abandons such business shall forfeit any right or preference he may have to the holding of or renewal of such license. Abandonment shall be sufficient grounds for revocation of any alcohol beverage license. The closing of the licensed premises for at least six months shall be prima facie evidence of the abandonment, unless extended by the Village Board. All persons issued a license to sell alcohol beverages in the Village for which a quota exists limiting the number of such licenses that may be issued by the Village shall cause such business described in such license to be operated on the premises described in such license for at least 150 days during the term of such license, unless such license is issued for a term of less than 180 days, in which event this subsection shall not apply.
- C. License revocation or suspension. License revocation or suspension procedures shall be as prescribed by Ch. 125, Wis. Stats.

**§ 210-18. Nonalcohol events for underage persons on licensed premises.**

The presence of underage persons on a licensed premises as provided under § 125.07(3)(a)10, Wis. Stats., shall be subject to the following:

- A. The licensee or agent of a corporate licensee shall notify the Police Department at least 48 hours in advance of the date of any event at which underage persons will be present on the licensed premises. Each such nonalcohol event notice shall specify the date(s) on which the event is to occur and the time(s) of commencement. All notices shall be filed with the Police Department during normal working hours (8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday) and shall be given on forms prescribed by the Department. After a nonalcohol event notice has been given, the licensee may cancel an event(s) only by giving like notice to the Department in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. Regardless of the date given, all notices shall expire and be deemed canceled

no later than the date of expiration or revocation of the applicable retail Class "B" or "Class B" license.

- B. During the period of any nonalcohol event, a notice card prescribed by the Police Department shall be posted at all public entrances to the licensed premises notifying the general public that no alcohol beverages may be consumed, sold or given away on or carried into the licensed premises during the event. Such notice cards shall be made available by the Department to a requesting licensee.
- C. Once a nonalcohol event has commenced, no alcohol beverages may be consumed, sold or given away on or carried into the licensed premises until the next day following the closing hours of the licensed premises.
- D. During the period of any nonalcohol event, all alcohol beverages shall be stored in a locked portion of the licensed premises in a secure place out of the sight and physical reach of any patron present and shall be under the direct and immediate control and supervision of the licensee, or a licensed bartender in the employ of the licensee. All beer taps and automatic dispensers of alcohol beverages ("speed guns") shall be either disconnected, disabled or made inoperable.

**§ 210-19. Operator's license.**

**A. Operator's license required.**

- (1) Class "A" or Class "B" premises. Except as provided under §§ 125.32(3)(b) and 125.07(3)(a)10, Wis. Stats., no premises operated under a Class "A" or Class "B" license or permit may be open for business unless there is upon the premises the licensee or permittee, the agent named in the license or permit if the licensee or permittee is a corporation, or some person who has an operator's license and who is responsible for the acts of all persons serving any fermented malt beverages to customers. An operator's license issued in respect to a vessel under § 125.27(2), Wis. Stats., is valid outside the municipality that issues it. For the purpose of this section, any person holding a manager's license under § 125.18, Wis. Stats., or any member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family who has attained the age of 18 shall be considered the holder of an operator's license. No person, including a member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family, other than the licensee, permittee or agent may serve fermented malt beverages in any place operated under a Class "A" or Class "B" license or permit unless he or she has an operator's license or is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee, permittee, agent or a person holding an operator's license who is on the premises at the time of the service.
- (2) Use by another prohibited.
  - (a) No person may allow another to use his or her Class "A" or Class "B" license or permit to sell alcohol beverages.
  - (b) The license or permit of a person who violates Subsection A(2)(b) above shall be revoked.



## B. Procedure upon application.

- (1) The Village Board may issue an operator's license, which license shall be granted only upon application in writing on forms to be obtained from the Village Clerk-Treasurer only to persons 18 years of age or older. Operator's licenses shall be operative only within the limits of the Village.
- (2) All applications are subject to an investigation by the Police Department and/or other appropriate authority to determine whether the applicant and/or premises to be licensed complies with all regulations, ordinances and laws applicable thereto. The Police Department shall conduct an investigation of the applicant, including but not limited to requesting information from the state, surrounding municipalities and/or any community where the applicant has previously resided concerning the applicant's arrest and conviction record. Based upon such investigation, the Police Department shall recommend, in writing, to the Village Board approval or denial of the application. If the Police Department recommends denial, the Police Department shall provide, in writing, the reasons for such recommendation.

## C. Duration. Licenses issued under the provisions of this article shall be valid for a period of one year and shall expire on the 30th day of June of each even year.

## D. Fee; provisional license.

- (1) Fee. The annual fee for an operator's license shall be \$20. The fee for a provisional license shall be \$5. **[Amended 12-9-1996]**
- (2) Provisional license. The Village Clerk-Treasurer may issue provisional operator's licenses in accordance with § 125.17(5), Wis. Stats. The provisional operator's license shall expire 60 days after its issuance or when an operator's license is issued to the holder, whichever is sooner. The Village Clerk-Treasurer may, upon receiving an application for a temporary provisional license, issue such a license without requiring the successful completion of the approved program as described herein. However, such temporary license shall be used only for the purpose of allowing such applicant the privilege of being licensed as a beverage operator pending his successful completion of the approved program. A provisional license may not be issued to any person who has been denied an operator's license by the Village Board or who has had his operator's license revoked or suspended within the preceding 12 months. The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall provide an appropriate application form to be completed in full by the applicant. The Village Clerk-Treasurer may revoke the provisional license issued if he discovers that the holder of the license made a false statement on the application.

## E. Issuance or denial of operator's licenses.

- (1) After the Village Board approves the granting of an operator's license, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall issue the license. Such licenses shall be issued and numbered in the order they are granted and shall give the applicant's name and address and the date of the expiration of such license.

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6. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

- (2) If the application is denied by the Village Board, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall, in writing, inform the applicant of the denial, the reasons therefor, and of the opportunity to request a reconsideration of the application by the Village Board in a closed session. Such notice must be sent by registered mail to, or served upon, the applicant at least 10 days prior to the Board's reconsideration of the matter. At such reconsideration hearing, the applicant may present evidence and testimony as to why the license should be granted.
- (3) If, upon reconsideration, the Board again denies the application, the Village Clerk-Treasurer shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons therefor. An applicant who is denied any license upon reconsideration of the matter may apply to the Circuit Court pursuant to § 125.12(2)(d), Wis. Stats., for review.
- (4) Consideration for the granting or denial of a license will be based on:
  - (a) The arrest and conviction record of the applicant, subject to the limitations imposed by §§ 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, Wis. Stats.;
  - (b) The financial responsibility of the applicant;
  - (c) The appropriateness of the location and the premises where the licensed business is to be conducted; and
  - (d) Generally, the applicant's fitness for the trust to be reposed.
- (5) If a licensee is convicted of an offense substantially related to the licensed activity, the Village Board may act to revoke or suspend the license.
- (6) An application may be denied based upon the applicant's arrest and conviction record if the applicant has been convicted of a felony (unless duly pardoned) or if the applicant has habitually been a law offender. For purposes of this licensing procedure, "habitually been a law offender" is generally considered to be an arrest or conviction of at least two offenses which are substantially related to the licensed activity within the five years immediately preceding the license application. Because a license is a privilege, the issuance of which is a right granted solely to the Village Board, the Village Board reserves the right to consider the severity and facts and circumstances of the offense when making the determination to grant, deny or not renew a license. Further, the Village Board, at its discretion, may, based upon an arrest or conviction record of two or more offenses which are substantially related to the licensed activity within the five years immediately preceding, act to suspend such license for a period of one year or more.

F. Training course.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection F(2) below, the Village Board may not issue an operator's license unless the applicant has successfully completed a responsible beverage server training course at any location that is offered by a vocational, technical and adult education district and that conforms to curriculum guidelines specified by the Board of Vocational, Technical and Adult Education or unless the applicant fulfills one of the following requirements:

- (a) The person is renewing an operator's license.
  - (b) Within the past two years, the person held a Class "A," Class "B," "Class A" or "Class B" license or permit or a manager's or operator's license.
  - (c) Within the past two years, the person has completed such a training course.
- (2) The Village Board may issue a provisional operator's license to a person who is enrolled in a training course under Subsection F(1) above and shall revoke that license if the applicant fails successfully to complete the course in which he or she enrolls.
  - (3) The Village Board may not require that applicants for an operator's license undergo training in addition to that under Subsection F(1) but may require applicants to purchase, at cost, materials that deal with relevant local subjects not covered in the course under Subsection F(1).
- G. Display of license. Each license issued under the provisions of this section shall be posted on the premises whenever the operator dispenses beverages or shall be in his possession, or the licensee shall carry a license card.
  - H. Revocation of operator's license. Violation of any of the terms or provisions of the state law or of this article relating to operator's licenses by any person holding such operator's license shall be cause for revocation of the license.

#### **§ 210-20. Violations and penalties. <sup>7</sup>**

Except as otherwise provided herein, any person who shall violate any provision of this article or who shall conduct any activity or make any sale for which a license is required without a license shall be subject to a forfeiture as provided in Chapter 1, § 1-3, of this Code. Nothing herein shall preclude or affect the power of the sentencing court to exercise additional authorities granted by the Wisconsin Statutes.

### ARTICLE II Offenses Involving Alcoholic Beverages [Adopted 7-7-1986 as Title 9, Ch. 5 of the 1986 Code]

#### **§ 210-21. Outside consumption.**

- A. Alcoholic beverages in public areas.
  - (1) Regulations. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or serve, or offer to sell or serve, or to consume or to carry or expose to view any open container of any alcoholic beverage upon any street, sidewalk, alley, public parking lot, highway, cemetery, the Village square public park, or other public area within the Village or on private property without the owner's consent. Village-owned parks or recreation areas are exempt from this prohibition, except that glass containers are prohibited.

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<sup>7</sup> Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

(2) Exceptions.

- (a) The provisions of this section may be waived by the Village Board for duly authorized events and are excepted in the designated area of the Village square public park during authorized activities.
- (b) This section shall not apply to any organization which has been issued a special Class "B" fermented malt beverage picnic license pursuant to Article I, Licensing, of this chapter.<sup>8</sup>

B. Definitions. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

**ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE** — Includes all ardent, spirituous, distilled or vinous liquors, liquids or compounds, whether medicated, proprietary, patented or not, and by whatever name called, as well as all liquors and liquids made by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion in potable water of barley malt and hops, with or without unmalted grains or decorticated and degerminated grains or sugar, which contain 1/2 of 1% or more of alcohol by volume and which are fit for use for beverage purposes.

**PUBLIC AREA** — Any location within the Village which is open to access to persons not requiring specific permission of the owner to be at such location, including all parking lots serving commercial establishments.

**§ 210-22. Sale to underage or intoxicated persons.**

A. Sales of alcohol beverages to underage persons.

- (1) No person may procure for, sell, dispense or give away any fermented malt beverages to any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age or procure for, sell, dispense or give away any intoxicating liquor to any underage person.
- (2) No licensee or permittee may sell, vend, deal or traffic in fermented malt beverages to or with any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age or sell, vend, deal or traffic in intoxicating liquor to or with any underage person.

B. Penalties.

- (1) A person who commits a violation of Subsection A above is subject to a forfeiture of:
  - (a) Not more than \$500 if the person has not committed a previous violation within 12 months of the violation; or
  - (b) Not less than \$200 nor more than \$500 if the person has committed a previous violation within 12 months of the violation.

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8. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

- (2) In addition to the forfeitures provided in Subsection B(1) above, a court shall suspend any license issued under this Code to a person violating this section pursuant to § 125.07(1)(b)3, Wis. Stats.
- C. Sale of alcohol beverages to intoxicated persons.
- (1) No person may procure for, sell, dispense or give away alcohol beverages to a person who is intoxicated.
  - (2) No licensee or permittee may sell, vend, deal or traffic in alcohol beverages to or with a person who is intoxicated.
- D. Penalties. Any person who violates Subsection C above shall be subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 and, on default of payment of such forfeiture, shall be imprisoned until such forfeiture is paid, but not to exceed 60 days.<sup>9</sup>

**§ 210-23. Underage persons in places of sale.**

- A. Restrictions. An underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age may not enter or be on any premises for which a license or permit for the retail sale of alcohol beverages has been issued for any purpose, except the transaction of business pertaining to the licensed premises with or for the licensee or his or her employee. The business may not be amusement or the purchase, receiving or consumption of edibles or beverages or similar activities which normally constitute activities of a customer of the premises. This subsection does not apply to:
- (1) An underage person who is a resident, employee, lodger or boarder on the premises controlled by the proprietor, licensee or permittee of which the licensed premises consists or is a part.
  - (2) An underage person who enters or is on a "Class A" retail intoxicating liquor premises for the purpose of purchasing edibles or beverages other than alcohol beverages. An underage person so entering the premises may not remain on the premises after the purchase.
  - (3) Hotels, drugstores, grocery stores, bowling alleys, cars operated by any railroad, regularly established athletic fields, stadiums or public facilities as defined in § 125.51(5)(b)1d, Wis. Stats., which are owned by a county or municipality.
  - (4) Premises in the state fair park, concessions authorized on state-owned premises in the state parks and state forests as defined or designated in Chs. 27 and 28, Wis. Stats., and parks owned or operated by agricultural societies.
  - (5) Ski chalets, golf clubhouses and private tennis clubs.
  - (6) Premises operated under both a Class "B" or "Class B" license or permit and a restaurant permit where the principal business conducted is that of a restaurant. If the premises are operated under both a Class "B" or "Class B" license or permit

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9. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

and a restaurant permit, the principal business conducted is presumed to be the sale of alcohol beverages, but the presumption may be rebutted by competent evidence.

- (7) An underage person who enters or remains on a Class "B" or "Class B" premises for the purpose of transacting business at an auction or market if the person does not enter or remain in a room where alcohol beverages are sold or furnished.<sup>10</sup>
  - (8) An underage person who enters or remains in a room on Class "B" or "Class B" licensed premises separate from any room where alcohol beverages are sold or served for the purpose of engaging in marching or drilling with a group of other persons, if no alcohol beverages are furnished or consumed by any person in the room where the underage person is present and the presence of underage persons is authorized under this subsection. An underage person may enter and remain on Class "B" or "Class B" premises under this subsection only if the municipality which issued the Class "B" or "Class B" license adopts an ordinance permitting underage persons to enter and remain on the premises as provided in this subsection and the law enforcement agency responsible for enforcing the ordinance issues to the Class "B" or "Class B" licensee a written authorization permitting underage persons to be present under this subsection on the date specified in the authorization. Before issuing the authorization, the law enforcement agency shall make a determination that the presence of underage persons on the licensed premises will not endanger their health, welfare or safety or that of other members of the community. The licensee shall obtain a separate authorization for each date on which underage persons will be present on the premises.
- B. Penalties. A licensee or permittee who directly or indirectly permits an underage person to enter or be on a licensed premises in violation of Subsection A is subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$500.

**§ 210-24. Prohibited acts by underage persons.**

- A. Any underage person who does any of the following is guilty of a violation:
- (1) Procures or attempts to procure alcohol beverages.
  - (2) Knowingly possesses or consumes intoxicating liquor.
  - (3) Enters or is on licensed premises in violation of § 210-23A.
  - (4) Falsely represents his or her age for the purpose of receiving alcohol beverages from a licensee or permittee.
- B. Any underage person not accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or spouse who has attained the legal drinking age who knowingly possesses or consumes fermented malt beverages is guilty of a violation.
- C. Any person violating Subsections A or B is subject to the following penalties:

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10. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

- (1) For a first violation, a forfeiture of not more than \$50, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under § 343.30(6)(b)1, Wis. Stats., participation in a supervised work program under Subsection D or any combination of these penalties.
- (2) For a violation committed within 12 months of a previous violation, either a forfeiture of not more than \$100, suspension of the person's operating privilege as provided under § 343.30(6)(b)2, Wis. Stats., participation in a supervised work program under Subsection D or any combination of these penalties.
- (3) For a violation committed within 12 months of two or more previous violations, either a forfeiture of not more than \$150, revocation of the person's operating privilege under § 343.30(6)(b)3, Wis. Stats., participation in a supervised work program under Subsection D or any combination of these penalties.

D. Supervised work program.

- (1) If the court orders a person to participate in a supervised work program under Subsection C, the court shall set standards for the program within the budgetary limits established by the County Board. The program may provide the person with reasonable compensation reflecting the market value of the work performed or it may consist of uncompensated community service work and shall be administered by the County Department of Public Welfare or a community agency approved by the court.
- (2) The supervised work program shall be of a constructive nature designed to promote the person's rehabilitation, shall be appropriate to the person's age level and physical ability and shall be combined with counseling from an agency staff member or other qualified person. The program may not conflict with the person's regular attendance at school. The amount of work required shall be reasonably related to the seriousness of the person's offense.

E. When a court revokes or suspends a person's operating privilege under Subsection C, the Department of Transportation may not disclose information concerning or relating to the revocation or suspension to any person other than a court, district attorney, county corporation counsel, city, village or town attorney, law enforcement agency or the person whose operating privilege is revoked or suspended. A person entitled to receive information under this subsection may not disclose the information to any other person or agency.

F. A person who is under 17 years of age on the date of disposition is subject to § 938.344, Wis. Stats., unless proceedings have been instituted against the person in a court of civil or criminal jurisdiction after dismissal of the citation under § 938.344(3), Wis. Stats.<sup>11</sup>

G. Subsections A and B do not prohibit an underage person employed by a licensee or permittee from possessing fermented malt beverages during the brewing process or for sale or delivery to customers.

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11. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

- H. Subsections A and B do not prohibit an underage person employed by a brewery, a winery or a facility for the rectifying or manufacture of intoxicating liquor or the production of fuel alcohol from possessing alcohol beverages during regular working hours and in the course of employment.

**§ 210-25. Defense of sellers.**

- A. Defenses. Proof of the following facts by a seller of alcohol beverages to an underage person is a defense to any prosecution for a violation of this article:
- (1) That the purchaser falsely represented in writing and supported with other documentary proof that he or she had attained the legal drinking age.
  - (2) That the appearance of the purchaser was such that an ordinary and prudent person would believe that the purchase had attained the legal drinking age.
  - (3) That the sale was made in good faith and in reliance on the written representation and appearance of the purchaser in the belief that the purchaser had attained the legal drinking age.
- B. Book kept by licensees and permittees. Every retail alcohol beverage licensee or permittee shall cause a book to be kept for the purpose of this section. The licensee or permittee or his or her employee shall require any person who has shown documentary proof that he or she has attained the legal drinking age to sign the book if the person's age is in question. The book shall show the date of the purchase of the alcohol beverages, the identification used in making the purchase, the address of the purchaser and the purchaser's signature.

**§ 210-26. False or altered identification cards.**

- A. Any person who has attained the legal drinking age who makes, alters or duplicates an official identification card may be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$500 and, on default of payment of such forfeiture, shall be imprisoned until such forfeiture is paid, but not to exceed 30 days.<sup>12</sup>
- B. Any person who has attained the legal drinking age who, in applying for an identification card, presents false information to the issuing officer may be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 and, on default of payment of such forfeiture, shall be imprisoned until such forfeiture is paid, but not to exceed 10 days.<sup>13</sup>
- C. Any underage person who does any of the following is subject to the penalties specified under § 210-24C or D:
- (1) Intentionally carries an official identification card not legally issued to him or her, an official identification card obtained under false pretenses or an official identification card which has been altered or duplicated to convey false

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12. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).

13. Editor's Note: Amended at time of adoption of Code (see Ch. 1, General Provisions, Art. II).



information. A law enforcement officer shall confiscate any card that violates this subsection.

- (2) Makes, alters or duplicates an official identification card.
- (3) Presents false information to an issuing officer in applying for an official identification card.

**§ 210-27. Possession of alcohol beverages on school grounds.**

- A. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the meaning indicated:

**MOTOR VEHICLE** — A motor vehicle owned, rented or consigned to a school.

**SCHOOL** — A public, parochial or private school which provides an educational program for one or more grades between grades one and 12 and which is commonly known as an elementary school, middle school, junior high school, senior high school or high school.

**SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR** — The person designated by the governing body of a school as ultimately responsible for the ordinary operations of a school.

**SCHOOL PREMISES** — Premises owned, rented or under the control of a school.

- B. Except as provided by Subsection C, no person may possess or consume alcohol beverages:
- (1) On school premises;
  - (2) In a motor vehicle, if a pupil attending the school is in the motor vehicle; or
  - (3) While participating in a school-sponsored activity.
- C. Alcohol beverages may be possessed or consumed on school premises, in motor vehicles or by participants in school-sponsored activities if specifically permitted in writing by the school administrator consistent with applicable laws and ordinances.
- D. A person who violates this section is subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$200, except that § 938.344, Wis. Stats., and § 210-24C and D of this article provide the penalties applicable to underage persons.

ARTICLE III  
Beer Gardens  
(Adopted 7-12-10)

§10-28. Permit for beer garden.

No licensee shall permit the consumption of alcoholic beverages on any part of the licensed premises not enclosed within the building identified on the application except under a permit granted and issued by the Village Board. The permits described herein are a privilege in which no rights vest. Permits must be renewed annually at the same time the license is renewed.

- A. Notwithstanding the foregoing, permits may be revoked or suspended by the Board at any time.
- B. No person shall consume or have in his or her possession alcoholic beverages on any unenclosed part of licensed premise which is not described in a valid beer garden permit.
- C. A violation of this article by an agent or employee of a licensee shall constitute a violation on the licensee for which the licensee may be prosecuted.

§210-29. Limitations on issuance of beer garden permits.

Each applicant for a beer garden permit shall accurately describe the area intended for use as a beer garden and shall indicate the nature of fencing or other measures intended to provide control over the operation of the beer garden. Every beer garden shall be completely enclosed with a fence or wall.

- A. Amplified sound or music is permitted within the enclosed licensed premises only, within the beer garden area on Friday and Saturday's until 12 midnight. July 4<sup>th</sup> and either the first or second weekend following the 4<sup>th</sup> with Village Board approval. (Changed 8-13-2012)
- B. A licensed operator shall be responsible for policing the beer garden at all times it is open for operation.

It shall be the responsibility of the licensee to daily clean up adjoining property of all debris that originates from the beer garden.

- D. Access to the beer garden shall be through the main (indoor) entrance to the Class B premises.
- E. The Village Board shall review all site plans prior to approval.
- F. A violation of this ordinance shall be as follows: First offense – beer garden will be closed for a period of seven (7) days; Second offense – beer garden will be closed for a period of thirty(30) days; Any violations occurring during the first or second offense or thereafter would be an additional thirty(30) days and/or a citation. (Added 8-13-2012)

§210-30. Adjoining property owners to be notified of pendent of applications.

All property owners within 150 feet of the premises in which the proposed beer garden is attached shall be notified of the pending application for a beer garden permit by first class mail prior to approval of the same.

§210-30. State statues enforced within beer garden.

Every permittee under this article shall comply with and enforce all provisions of Ch. 125, Wis. Stats., applicable to Class "B" licensed premises, except insofar as such provisions are clearly inapplicable. Violation of the provisions of Ch. 125, Wis. Stats., shall be grounds for revocation of the beer garden|permit by the Village Board.

Effective August 13, 2012